
To give architects, designers, and end-users a vast amount of performance information in a succinct visual way, ACT developed icons to indicate that a fabric meets or exceeds guideline requirements. Look for these Registered Certification Marks on ACT Member Company sampling to assure that the fabrics you specify perform up to contract standards and pass all applicable testing.

All ACT Voluntary Performance Guidelines cover woven, coated and knit fabrics for indoor use. “Woven Fabrics” consist of two sets of yarns, warp and filling, formed by weaving, which is the process of interlacing these sets of yarns.

Test methods included in the Guidelines measure fabric performance under standard laboratory conditions and are intended to represent the most current test version. Note: Individual ACT Member product information may represent a different version of a test method depending on the date the product was introduced to market.

Important: These tests represent minimum requirements, which are subject to change without notice and may not reflect requirements or laws in all locations.

## Flammability

The measurement of a fabric’s performance when it is exposed to specific sources of ignition.

Note: ACT guidelines specify different flammability tests dictated by the intended end use for the fabric.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Upholstery</strong></th>
<th>California Technical Bulletin 117-2013 Section 1 – Pass</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Direct Glue Wallcoverings and Adhered Panels</strong></td>
<td>ASTM E84 (Adhered Mounting Method) – Class A or Class 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wrapped Wall Panels and Upholstered Walls</strong></td>
<td>ASTM E84 (Unadhered Mounting Method) – Class A or Class 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Panel System Furniture</strong></td>
<td>Any one or combination of the following: UL recognized component under Office Panel Fabrics category, UL 1286 Listed, ASTM E84 (Adhered or Unadhered Mounting Method) – Class A or Class 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drapery</strong></td>
<td>NFPA 701 Method 1 or 2 as appropriate – Pass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Wet & Dry Crocking

Transfer of dye from the surface of a dyed or printed fabric onto another surface by rubbing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Dry Crocking</th>
<th>Wet Crocking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Upholstery</strong></td>
<td>Dry Crocking, Grade 4 minimum</td>
<td>Wet Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AATCC 8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Direct Glue Wallcoverings</strong></td>
<td>Dry Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
<td>Wet Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
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<td>AATCC 8</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Wrapped Panels and Upholstered Walls</strong></td>
<td>Dry Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
<td>Wet Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AATCC 8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drapery</strong></td>
<td>Dry Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
<td>Wet Crocking, Grade 3 minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AATCC 8 (Solids)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AATCC 116 (Prints)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Colorfastness to Light

A material’s degree of resistance to the fading effect of light.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Grade Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Upholstery</td>
<td>AATCC 16 Option 1 or 3</td>
<td>Grade 4 minimum at 40 hours*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct Glue Wallcoverings</td>
<td>AATCC 16 Option 1 or 3</td>
<td>Grade 4 minimum at 40 hours*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wrapped Panels and Upholstered Walls</td>
<td>AATCC 16 Option 1 or 3</td>
<td>Grade 4 minimum at 40 hours*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drapery</td>
<td>AATCC 16 Option 1 or 3</td>
<td>Grade 4 minimum at 60 hours*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: There is no direct correlation between the numbers of testing hours and hours of service in the field.*
Key factors in assessing overall durability of a fabric vary depending on the fabric construction.

### Upholstery

**Pilling**
- ASTM D3511 (Brush Pill), Class 3 minimum
- Or
- ASTM D4970 (Martindale Tester), Class 3 minimum

*Pilling* is the formation of fuzzy balls of fiber on the surface of a fabric that remain attached to the fabric.

**Breaking Strength**
- ASTM D5034 (Grab Test), 50 lbs. minimum in warp and weft

*Breaking strength* is the measurement of stress exerted to pull a fabric apart under tension.

**Seam Slippage**
- ASTM D4034, 25 lbs. minimum in warp and weft

*Seam Slippage* is the movement of yarns in a fabric that occurs when it is pulled apart at a seam.

### Wrapped Panels and Upholstered Walls

**Breaking Strength**
- ASTM D5034 (Grab Test), 35 lbs. minimum in warp and weft

### Drapery

**Seam Slippage**
- ASTM D434 using the ASTM D3597 modification for fabrics over 6 oz./sq. yard, 25 lbs. minimum in warp and weft
Abrasion

The surface wear of a fabric caused by friction.

**Low Traffic / Private Spaces – Woven Upholstery Fabrics**
ASTM D4157 (ACT approved #10 Cotton Duck)
15,000 double rubs Wyzenbeek method

ASTM D4966 (12 KPa pressure)
20,000 cycles Martindale method

**High Traffic / Public Spaces – Woven Upholstery Fabrics**
ASTM D4157 (ACT approved #10 Cotton Duck)
30,000 double rubs Wyzenbeek method

ASTM D4966 (12 KPa pressure)
40,000 cycles Martindale method

Disclaimer:
Wyzenbeek test results are not necessarily a reliable indicator of fabric lifespan. Comparative laboratory testing results on the same textiles frequently differ and testing methods do not necessarily correlate well with the variables encountered in actual use by the end-user. Licensees using the ACT performance certification marks and publishing test results more than 100,000 double rubs are required, at a minimum, to provide in their sampling, marketing materials and Website, the following statement:

Multiple factors affect fabric durability and appearance retention, including end-use application and proper maintenance. Wyzenbeek results above 100,000 double rubs have not been shown to be a reliable indicator of increased fabric lifespan.

Notes: ACT studies indicate that results of multiple abrasion tests performed on some woven fabric structures may vary significantly – as much as 60 percent or more. There is no correlation between Wyzenbeek and Martindale results. For more information please refer to abrasion white papers on the ACT website: http://www.contracttextiles.org/index.php?page=research
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